**Unit 11 Sad movies make me cry.**

**综合能力演练**

**【巩固练习】**

**Ⅰ. 单项选择。**

1. Now more and more city adults \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their leisure time \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to improve themselves at school or college.

A. spend, trying B. spend, to try C. take, trying D. take, to try

2. All of us think it is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for your mother to work so much and get so little.  
　　A. fair 　　　 B. unfair 　　　C. to fair　　　 D. to unfair

3. Loud music may make people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fast  
　 A. to eat 　　 B. eat 　　C. ate 　　D. eating

4. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Shanghai next week.

　A．is leaving for 　　B. leaves for C. leaved 　　　 D. left  
5. I am sorry that I have kept you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me so long.

A. waiting B. waiting for C. to wait D. to wait for

6. The dish looks good, but when I eat it, it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_very terrible.

A. tastes B. smell C. look D. sounds

7．—What’s wrong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Mary?

—She is nervous because of the exam．

A．for B．to C．of D．with

8．The old man lived \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the village but he didn’t feel \_\_\_\_\_\_．

A．alone；alone B．lonely；lonely C．alone；lonely D．lonely；alone

9．—Do you like red or pink?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_．I like black．

A．Both B．All C．Either D．Neither

10．I failed the exam．What \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ news! My parents said that they were \_\_\_\_\_\_ at my grades．

A．disappointing；disappointing

B．disappointing；disappointed

C．disappointed；disappointed

D．disappointed；disappointing

11．My mother often hears me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in my room．

A．sing B．sang C．to sing D．singing

12．—I don’t like the awful pictures．

—Neither do I．The awful pictures make me \_\_\_\_\_\_．

A．happy B．happily C．sad D．sadly

13．—I would rather \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you the secret right now．

—Why not?

A．don’t tell B．not to tell C．not tell D．didn’t tell

14．I found it boring \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the lecture．I nearly fell asleep．

A．1istening to B．to listen to C．listen to D．listened to

15．The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he learns，the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ knowledgeable he will be．

A．more；more B．more；less C．most；most D．most；least

**【真题链接】**

1. I could control my feelings at the moment. The song brought back so many childhood memories. **（2014连云港中考）**

A. really B. hardly C. nearly D. clearly

2．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ms．Zhou \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Mr．Li is humorous．They are popular among us students．**（2015江苏南通中考）**

A．Both；and B．Neither；nor C．Either；or D．Not only；but also

3．It’s important for us to protect nature because we \_\_\_\_\_\_ its rich resources to live．**（2015江苏南京中考）**

A．depend on B．leave for C．give up D．lead to

**Ⅱ. 完形填空。**

One summer day when I was in high school, my father sent me to buy some tools for our farm. I loved 1 better than driving our family truck to do something. But this time I was not so happy 2 my father had told me I would have to ask for credit (赊账) at the store. 3 is a proud age. The young men at that age want respect (尊重)but not charity. I had seen many times that my friends were 4 when they asked for credit. We lived in a poor village, 5 was needed seriously. I knew clearly how difficult it might be to make the store owner believe me and get the credit.

At Davi’s Brothers store., Buck Davi was talking to a farmer. After I finished 6 the things I wanted, I walked to him. “I need to put these on credit.” I said to him 7 .

The farmer gave me a 8 look. But Buck’s face didn’t change in the slightest. “ No problem.” He said in a relaxing voice, “ I believe your daddy will 9 them in time.” Then he turned to the farmer, “ This boy is Jame William’s son.”

The farmer nodded to me in a friendly way. At that time, I 10 pride. Jame William’s Son, there three 11 opened a door to an adult’s respect and trust.

That day I 12 that a good name of great importance. My father’s good name had won our neighbors’ respect for our family. A good name, and the responsibility (责任)that came with 13 encouraged us a lot. They made us be 14 than we might be. We also wanted to be regarded as good people. 15 acting like good people for a long time, we became good out of good habits.

1. A. something B. anything C. nothing

2. A. because B. while C. unless

3. A. Six B. Sixteen C. Sixty

4. A. influenced B. cheered C. refused

5. A. health B. money C. freedom

6. A. choose B. choosing C. to choose

7. A. carefully B. angrily C. easily

8. A. pleasant B. kind C. strange

9. A. care for B. pay for C. look for

10. A. was full of B. was surprised at C. was famous for

11. A. letters B. words C. sentences

12. A. discover B. discovered C. have discovered

13. A. it B. him C. them

14. A. better B. stronger C. clever

15. A. With B. For C. By

**III. 阅读理解。**

**A**

**（2014山东滨州中考）**



Since last year, *Where Are We Going, Dad?* has become the most popular TV shows. On the show, the five fathers and their children traveled around China, riding camels through the western deserts, fishing on the east coast, and selling vegetables for their bus fare(费用) home in southwestern Yunnan province.

One dad doesn’t know how to do his daughter’s hair, so some people try to help him. Another one must survive(生存) with his son for three days in the desert because the father can’t cook, they only eat instant noodles(方便面).

Why is *Where Are We Going, Dad?* so popular? Because it is about how Chinese parents look after their kids. The show makes modern parents think about what they should do with their kids.” In traditional Chinese culture, the father is strict and the mother is kind. But on the show, we see fathers who are much gentle on their kids and more involved(参与) in their upbringing(成长).” said Li Minyi, a professor of early childhood education.

In the past, children were taught their parents’ wishes and look after them in their old age. But today Chinese parents increasingly realize that respecting their children’s choices may be a better way to prepare them for modern society. As they raise their children, parents are growing up at the same time.

1. According to the passage, what didn’t the fathers and their children do on the show?

A. Rode camels. B. Sold vegetables.

C. Climbed the mountains. D. Fished on the east coast.

2. One father and his son only eat instant noodles because .

A. there aren’t any vegetables in the desert

B. the father can’t cook

C. they think instant noodles are the most delicious

D. they have no money to buy something to eat

3. In the fourth paragraph, the underlined word “them” refers to (指的是) .

A. modern parents B. the five fathers on the show

C. the parents in the past D. the children in the old days

4. Why is *Where Are We Going, Dad?* so popular?

A. Because it’s about how Chinese parents raise their children.

B. Because there are many famous stars on the show.

C. Because it’s about how to help the poor.

D. Because it’s about how to sell vegetables.

5. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Fathers are much gentle on their kids on the show.

B. Children were told to obey their parents’ wishes in the past.

C. Parents can also learn something when they raise their children.

D. In traditional Chinese culture, parents are both strict with their kids.

**B**

Different weather makes people feel different．It influences health，intelligence and feelings．

In August，it is very hot and wet in the southern part of the United States．People there have heart trouble and other kinds of health problems during this month．In the Northeast and the Middle West，it is very hot at some times and very cold at other times．People in these states have more heart trouble after the weather changes in February or March．

The weather can also influence intelligence．For example，in a 1983 report by scientists，IQ of a group of students was very high when a very strong wind came，but after the strong wind，their IQ was 10% lower．The wind can help people have more intelligence．Very hot weather，on the other hand，can make it lower．Students in many schools of the United States often get worse on exams in the hot months of the year(July and August)．

Weather also has a strong influence on people’s feelings．Winter may be a bad time for thin people．They usually feel cold during these months．They might feel unhappy during cold weather．But fat people may have a hard time in hot summer．At about 18℃ people become stronger．

Low air pressure may make people forgetful．People leave more bags on buses and in shops on low-pressure days．People feel best at a temperature of about 18℃．

Are you feeling sad，tired，forgetful，or unhappy today? It may be the weather’s problem．

6．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can cause health problems．

A．Hot and wet weather B．A strong wind

C．Warm weather D．Low air pressure

7．A report shows that people may have more intelligence when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ comes．

A．rain B．a strong wind

C．very hot weather D．low air pressure

8．According to the writer，fat people may feel bad in \_\_\_\_\_\_ weather．

A．cold B．cool C．warm D．hot

9．The writer wants to tell us that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_．

A．hot and cold weather influences all people in the same way

B．weather influences people’s behavior

C．IQ changes when weather changes

D．people feel good on low-pressure days

10．The best title for this passage is“\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”．

A．Hot Weather Causes Health Problems

B．Different Weather Makes People Feel Bad

C．Weather Influences Feelings

D．Weather Influences Health，Intelligence and Feelings

**IV. 书面表达。**

某英文报社正就青少年与父母关系这一话题开展题为“How to keep good relationship with parents”的征文活动。请你根据以下要点，写一篇100词左右的英语短文参加此次活动：

1．父母规矩太多、过于强调学习成绩、不理解自己等问题；

2．你对这些问题的看法；

3．你与父母保持良好关系的做法。

【答案与解析】

**Ⅰ. 单项选择。**

1. A。本题主要考查“spend…doing与take… to do”的区别。“spend…doing与take… to do”都表示花时间做某事，spend的主语是人，后接时间、金钱与V-ing或介词on连用，take的主语是事物，后接时间与动词不定式连用。综合分析句子结构和各选项，得出答案A。

2. B。在连系动词be的后面用形容词作表语，从后面的句子情景可以理解是用形容词unfair表示“不公平”的意思。

3. B。本句子是考查动词短语make somebody do something的用法，用动词不定式作make的宾语补足语时，动词不定式要省略to。

4.Ａ。本句子考查动词短语leave for的用法，从时间状语可以判断是一般将来时，这里用be leaving表示将来的意义。

5.B。本句子是用考查keep sb. doing something，意为“要某人一直做某事”，表示动作的延续。

6. A。本题考查连系动词的用法。句意为“这道菜看起来好，尝起来糟糕”。taste 意为“尝起来”，smell意为“闻起来”，look意为“看起来”，sound意为“听起来”。

7.D。What’s wrong with sb.? 用于询问“某人怎么了”。故答案为D。

8.C。第一空表示“独自居住”，要用alone来修饰lived；第二空表示“觉得寂寞”，要用feel lonely。

9.D。结合答语中的“我喜欢黑色”可知，否定了红色和粉色两者，故neither符合题意。

10.B。修饰news要用disappointing，修饰they要用disappointed．故答案为B。

11.A。hear sb. do sth. 表示“听到某人经常做某事”。

12.C。句意：——我不喜欢这些可怕的图片。——我也不喜欢。这些可怕的图片使我伤心。由题意首先排除A和B，make后应该用形容词，因此答案为C。

13.C。would rather后跟动词原形，其否定式在would rather后加not。

14.B。此处要用动词不定式短语to listen to，it只是形式宾语，to listen to the lecture在句中是真正的宾语。

15.A。本题考查“the+比较级，the+比较级”的结构。句意为“他学得越多，知识就越渊博”，由此可知答案为A。

**【真题链接】**

1. B。句意：当时，我几乎不能控制自己的情绪。那首歌唤起了我如此多儿时的回忆。really真正地；hardly几乎不；nearly几乎；clearly清晰地。根据题干的后一句可知，那首歌唤起了“我”儿时的回忆，故几乎不能控制情绪。故选B项。

2. D。both...and...意为“两者都”，连接两个主语时，谓语动词应用复数形式；neither...nor...意为“两者中的任何一个都不”；either...or...意为“两者中的任何一个”；not only...but also...表示“不但……，而且……”，连接两个主语时，谓语动词应符合“就近一致”原则，即谓语与靠近的名词、代词(有时不一定是主语)在“人称”和“数”上保持一致。由“They are popular among us students．”可知，周老师和李老师都幽默。由“is”可知，应用not only...but also...来连接两个主语。故选D。

3. A。句意：对我们来说，保护自然是很重要的，因为我们要依靠自然界的丰富资源而生存。depend on依靠，依赖；leave for出发去(某地)；give up 放弃；lead to 导致。故选A项。

**Ⅱ. 完形填空。**

1. C。根据句意可知我最喜欢开我们的卡车去做事了。nothing为否定的意思。因此选C。

2. A。根据句意“这时我感到不高兴，因为我爸爸已经告诉我必须去赊账”，前后表示因果关系，因此选A。

3. B。根据文章第一句“One summer day when I was in high school”可推测读高中的年龄为16岁。

4. C。influence 意为“影响”，cheer意为“欢呼”，refuse意为“拒绝”。根据句意可知选C。

5. B。根据上下文可知钱是非常需要的。因此选B。

6. B。finish 后接动名词作宾语。finish doing 意为“结束做某事”。

7. A。根据此时作者的心情可知“我小心的对他说”。因此选A。

8. C。根据下文“但是布克的脸一点也没有变”，可推测上文“农民给我奇怪的眼神”。

9. B。care for 意为“关心” pay for意为“付款”， look for 意为“寻找”。根据句意可知“我相信你爸爸将及时付钱的”。可知选B。

10. A。根据句意“在那时我充满了骄傲”，应该用be full of，意为“充满”。

11. B。上文为店主的三句话为我开启了被成人尊重和信任之门，因此选B。

12. B。根据上下文可知用一般过去时。因此选B。

13. A。a good name用it 代替，the responsibility (责任)that came with it意为“伴随好名声的责任”。

14. A。根据句意“这种好名声及责任使我们的影响比我们可能的更好。”可知选A。

15. C。根据句意“通过长时间像好人一样表现，我们有了良好的习惯”。by 意为“通过”表示方式。

**III.阅读理解。**

**A**

1. C。根据On the show, the five fathers and their children traveled around China, riding camels through the western deserts, fishing on the east coast, and selling vegetables for their bus fare(费用) home in southwestern Yunnan province.可知只有C项climb the mountains 没有提到。故选C。

2. B。根据because the father can’t cook, they only eat instant noodles(方便面). 可知吃方便面是因为爸爸不会做饭。故选B。

3. C。根据In the past , children were taught their parents’ wishes and look after them in their old age.可知“在过去，孩子们按照父母的意愿接受教育，而当父母年老的时候，孩子们则要照顾父母”。这里的them指的是父母。故选C。

4. A。根据Because it is about how Chinese parents look after their kids.可知答案选A。

5. D。根据In traditional Chinese culture, the father is strict and the mother is kind.可知D错误。

**B**

6. A。由第二段中的描述“In August，it is very hot and wet in the southern part of the United States．People there have heart trouble and other’ kinds of health problems during this month.”可知，又热又潮湿的天气会引发健康方面的问题。

7. B。由第三段中的“The wind can help people have more intelligence.”可知答案为B。

8. D。由第四段中的“But fat people may have a hard time in hot summer.”可知答案为D。

9. C。通读第三段可知，天气发生变化的时候，智商也会变化。故答案为C。

10. D。本文讲述了天气对健康、智商和情感的影响。故适合本文的最佳标题是D。

**IV. 书面表达。**

参考范文：

How to keep good relationship with parents

In my opinion, I have too many rules at home．My parents never allow me to go out with my friends at night．They don’t allow me to choose my own clothes，either．And they pay too much attention to my exam results．I think my parents don’t quite understand me．

However，I try my best to understand them．Although they don’t allow me to make my own decisions and give me too much pressure，I know that it is because they really love me and want me to have a bright future．

In order to keep good relationship with my parents，I study hard，listen to them，talk to them as friends，tell them my troubles，and help them do more housework．